

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 4, 2006

AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 22, 2006

**SENATE BILL**

**No. 1310**

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**Introduced by Senator Kuehl**

February 16, 2006

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An act to amend Sections 4593.2, 4593.3, 4593.6, 4593.7, and 4594 of, and to add Sections 4513.5, 4525.9, 4593.12, and 4594.3 to, the Public Resources Code, relating to forest resources.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1310, as amended, Kuehl. Forest resources: sustained yield plans and nonindustrial timber management plans.

(1) The existing Z'berg-Nejedly Forest Practice Act of 1973 regulates timber harvesting on timberland, as specified, including prohibiting a person from conducting timber operations unless a timber harvesting plan prepared by a registered professional forester has been submitted to the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (department), as specified, and approved. A willful violation of the act is a crime.

This bill would require a timberland ownership of more than 50,000 acres to be governed by a sustained yield plan, as the bill would define that term, to achieve specified resource protection goals. The bill would require the owner of a timberland ownership of more than 50,000 acres, on or before January 1, 2009, to submit a sustained yield plan to the department for review and approval, and to include in that sustained yield plan an assessment of the cumulative impacts of timber harvesting on fish, wildlife, water quality, and the behavior of wildfire. Because a willful violation of these requirements would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill

would require department review of a proposed sustained yield plan to be subject to public review, as specified.

(2) The act authorizes a person who intends to become a nonindustrial tree farmer to file with the department a nonindustrial timber management plan, as defined, and imposes specified requirements with respect to a filed or approved nonindustrial timber management plan, on the department and the nonindustrial tree farmer. The act defines “nonindustrial tree farmer” as an owner of timberland with less than 2,500 acres who has an approved nonindustrial timber management plan and is not primarily engaged in the manufacture of forest products. The act defines “uneven aged management” as the management of a specific forest, with the goal of establishing a well stocked stand of various age classes and that permits the periodic harvest of individual or small groups of trees to realize the yield and continually establish a new crop. The act gives the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection 45 days, or a longer period, as specified, to review a nonindustrial timber management plan, for conformance with specified requirements.

The bill would increase the number of acres of timberland that a nonindustrial tree farmer could own to less than 10,000 acres, except for timberland in the Southern Sub-District of the Coast District, where the maximum number of acres would remain less than 2,500. The bill, in the definition of “uneven aged management,” would require the forest to be managed so that the volume of each managed stand increases when measured over any 10-year period until the stand reaches 80% of the site’s productive capacity, as soon as reasonably possible. The bill would impose additional requirements on the department, the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection, and a nonindustrial tree farmer with respect to a nonindustrial timber management plan, including requiring the department to post a copy of the plan on a publicly accessible Internet Web site, as specified, and to convene at least one multiagency site inspection of the land covered by the nonindustrial timber management plan, as specified. Because a local agency would be included in the list of agencies included for that multiagency site inspection, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would require the Department of Fish and Game and the appropriate California regional water quality control board to conduct site inspections of specific lands covered by a nonindustrial timber management plan. The bill would increase to 90 days, or a longer period, as specified, the time the director has to

review a nonindustrial timber management plan for conformance with specified requirements. The bill would also give the public 90 days to review the plan and would give the director, after a specified time, up to 15 working days, or a longer period, as specified, to review the public input, consider recommendations and mitigation measures of other agencies, respond in writing to the issues raised, and determine if the plan is in conformance with specified requirements. The bill would require a nonindustrial timber management plan to comply with specified regulations. The bill would require a nonindustrial tree farmer to conduct surveys for wildlife and plants, as specified, before filing a nonindustrial timber harvest notice. The bill would require, 5 years after approval of a timber harvesting plan, and every 5 years thereafter, the nonindustrial tree farmer to file a specified report with the department. Because a willful violation of these requirements would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The bill would require the board to adopt regulations regarding nonindustrial timber management plans, as specified.

(3) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.  
State-mandated local program: yes.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. Section 4513.5 is added to the Public Resources  
2 Code, to read:  
3 4513.5. To achieve sustainable management of timberland  
4 and to achieve the resource protection goals of Sections 4512 and  
5 4513, a timberland ownership of more than 50,000 acres shall be  
6 governed by a sustained yield plan. On or before January 1,  
7 2009, the owner of a timberland ownership of more than 50,000

1 acres shall submit a sustained yield plan to the department for  
2 review and approval, and shall include in that sustained yield  
3 plan an assessment of the cumulative impacts of timber  
4 harvesting on fish, wildlife, water quality, and the behavior of  
5 wildfire. Department review of a proposed sustained yield plan is  
6 subject to public review pursuant to the forest practice rules  
7 adopted by the board and shall be available for public review for  
8 \_\_\_\_\_ weeks.

9 SEC. 2. Section 4525.9 is added to the Public Resources  
10 Code, to read:

11 4525.9. “Sustained yield plan” means a document prepared in  
12 accordance with the forest practice rules adopted by the board,  
13 and that, upon approval by the department, is a discrete and  
14 publicly available document, that the department shall make  
15 available for review and copying at the department’s regional  
16 headquarters that provides services for the timberlands covered  
17 by the sustained yield plan.

18 SEC. 3. Section 4593.2 of the Public Resources Code is  
19 amended to read:

20 4593.2. Notwithstanding Section 4521, unless the context  
21 otherwise requires, the following definitions govern construction  
22 of this article:

23 (a) “Nonindustrial timberlands” means timberland owned by a  
24 nonindustrial tree farmer.

25 (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), “nonindustrial  
26 tree farmer” means an owner of timberland with less than 10,000  
27 acres who has an approved nonindustrial timber management  
28 plan and is not primarily engaged in the manufacture of forest  
29 products.

30 (2) For timberland in the Southern Sub-District of the Coast  
31 District, “nonindustrial tree farmer” means an owner of  
32 timberland with less than 2,500 acres who has an approved  
33 nonindustrial timber management plan and is not primarily  
34 engaged in the manufacture of forest products.

35 (c) (1) “Uneven aged management” means the management  
36 of a specific forest, with the goal of establishing a well stocked  
37 stand of various age classes, that permits the periodic harvest of  
38 individual or small groups of trees to realize the yield and  
39 continually establish a new crop, and that complies with  
40 paragraph (2).

1 (2) (A) The forest shall be managed so that the volume of  
2 each managed stand increases when measured over any 10-year  
3 period until the stand reaches 80 percent of the site’s productive  
4 capacity, as soon as reasonably possible.

5 (B) The board shall enact rules, on or before January 1, 2009,  
6 to guide the department’s implementation of this paragraph.

7 (d) “Sustained yield” means the yield of commercial wood  
8 that an area of commercial timberland can produce continuously  
9 at a given intensity of management consistent with required  
10 environmental protection and that is professionally planned to  
11 achieve over time a balance between growth and removal.

12 (e) “Nonindustrial timber management plan” means a  
13 management plan for nonindustrial timberlands with an objective  
14 of an uneven aged managed timber stand and sustained yield for  
15 each parcel or group of contiguous parcels meeting the  
16 requirements of Section 4593.3.

17 (f) “Nonindustrial timber harvest notice” means notice of  
18 timber harvest operations pursuant to an approved nonindustrial  
19 timber management plan and meeting the requirements of  
20 Section 4594.

21 SEC. 4. Section 4593.3 of the Public Resources Code is  
22 amended to read:

23 4593.3. A nonindustrial timber management plan may be  
24 filed with the department in writing by a person who intends to  
25 become a nonindustrial tree farmer with the long-term objective  
26 of an uneven aged timber stand and sustained yield through the  
27 implementation of a nonindustrial timber management plan. The  
28 management plan shall be prepared by a registered professional  
29 forester. It shall be a public record and shall include all of the  
30 following information:

31 (a) The name and address of the timberland owner.

32 (b) A description of the land on which the plan is proposed to  
33 be implemented, including a United States Geological Survey  
34 quadrangle map or equivalent indicating the location of all  
35 streams, the location of all proposed and existing logging truck  
36 roads, and indicating boundaries of all site I classification  
37 timberlands to be stocked in accordance with subdivision (b) of  
38 Section 4561 and any other site classifications if the board  
39 establishes specific minimum stocking standards for other site  
40 classifications.

1 (c) A description of the silviculture methods to be applied and  
2 the type of yarding equipment to be used.

3 (d) An outline of the methods to be used to avoid excessive  
4 accelerated erosion from timber operations to be conducted  
5 within the proximity of a stream.

6 (e) Special provisions, if any, to protect any unique area within  
7 the boundaries of the proposed nonindustrial timber management  
8 plan.

9 (f) A description of the existing stand, its current projected  
10 growth, alterations required to achieve the management  
11 objectives, the projected timber volumes and tree sizes to be  
12 available for harvest, and projected frequencies of harvest.

13 (g) A certification by the registered professional forester  
14 preparing the plan that he or she or a designee has personally  
15 inspected the plan area.

16 (h) Any other information the board provides by regulation to  
17 meet its rules and the standards of this chapter.

18 SEC. 5. Section 4593.6 of the Public Resources Code is  
19 amended to read:

20 4593.6. (a) Upon receipt of the nonindustrial timber  
21 management plan, the department shall place it, or a true copy of  
22 the plan, in a file available for public inspection in the county in  
23 which timber operations are proposed under the plan. The  
24 department, within two working days of receiving the  
25 nonindustrial timber management plan, shall post a copy of the  
26 plan on a publicly accessible Internet Web site. For the purpose  
27 of interdisciplinary review, the department shall transmit a copy  
28 to the Department of Fish and Game, the appropriate California  
29 regional water quality control board, the county planning agency,  
30 and all other agencies having jurisdiction by law over natural  
31 resources affected by the plan. The department shall invite,  
32 consider, and respond in writing to comments received from  
33 public agencies to which the plan has been transmitted and shall  
34 consult with those agencies at their request.

35 (b) (1) The department shall convene at least one multiagency  
36 site inspection of the land covered by the nonindustrial timber  
37 management plan at a time mutually agreeable to all reviewing  
38 agencies.

39 (2) The Department of Fish and Game shall inspect a site for a  
40 nonindustrial timber management plan that covers lands that

1 include species that are listed, proposed for listing, or candidates  
2 for listing pursuant to either the federal Endangered Species Act  
3 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.) or the California Endangered  
4 Species Act (Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 2050) of  
5 Division 3 of the Fish and Game Code).

6 (3) The appropriate California regional water quality control  
7 board shall inspect a site for a nonindustrial timber management  
8 plan that covers lands that include one or more waterbodies listed  
9 as water quality impaired pursuant to subsection (d) of Section  
10 303 of the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. Sec. 1313 (d)).

11 SEC. 6. Section 4593.7 of the Public Resources Code is  
12 amended to read:

13 4593.7. (a) The director and the public have 90 days, 10 of  
14 which shall follow the date of final interagency review, from the  
15 date the initial round of inspections is completed as provided in  
16 Section 4604, or a longer period mutually agreed upon by the  
17 director and the person submitting the nonindustrial timber  
18 management plan, to review the plan to determine if the plan is in  
19 conformance with the rules and regulations of the board and this  
20 chapter. After the final review and public comment period has  
21 ended, the director has up to 15 working days, or a longer period  
22 mutually agreed upon by the director and the person submitting  
23 the plan, to review the public input, consider recommendations  
24 and mitigation measures of other agencies, respond in writing to  
25 the issues raised, and determine if the plan is in conformance  
26 with the rules and regulations of the board and with this chapter.  
27 If the director determines that the plan is not in conformance with  
28 the rules and regulations of the board or this chapter, the director  
29 shall return the plan, stating his or her reasons and advising the  
30 person submitting the plan of the person's right to a hearing  
31 before the board.

32 (b) If the director does not act within the time periods  
33 provided in subdivision (a), a longer period shall be negotiated  
34 and mutually agreed upon by the director and the person  
35 submitting the nonindustrial timber management plan. If a longer  
36 period cannot be mutually agreed upon, the nonindustrial timber  
37 management plan shall be deemed denied and returned to the  
38 person submitting the plan.

39 (c) A person to whom a plan is returned may, within 10 days  
40 from the receipt of the plan, request the board for a public

1 hearing before the board. The board shall schedule a public  
2 hearing to review the plan to determine if the plan is in  
3 conformance with the rules and regulations of the board and this  
4 chapter. Board action shall take place within 30 days from the  
5 filing of the appeal, or a longer period mutually agreed upon by  
6 the board and the person filing the appeal. If the plan is not  
7 approved on appeal to the board, the director, within 10 days of  
8 board action, may determine that the plan is in conformance if  
9 the plan is revised to bring it into full conformance with the rules  
10 and regulations of the board and this chapter.

11 SEC. 7. Section 4593.12 is added to the Public Resources  
12 Code, to read:

13 4593.12. (a) A nonindustrial timber management plan shall  
14 comply with Article 6 (commencing with Section 916) of  
15 Subchapter 4 of, Article 6 (commencing with Section 936) of  
16 Subchapter 5 of, or Article 6 (commencing with Section 956) of  
17 Subchapter 6 of, Chapter 4 of Division 1.5 of Title 14 of the  
18 California Code of Regulations, whichever article is applicable,  
19 as the articles existed on January 1, 2006, and as they may be  
20 amended from time to time. However, if those articles are  
21 amended or repealed, the nonindustrial timber management plan  
22 shall include provisions at least as protective of the environment  
23 as those required by the applicable article on January 1, 2006.

24 (b) *The board shall adopt regulations for road management in*  
25 *nonindustrial timber management plans to achieve the goal of*  
26 *disconnecting historic and active roads from the hydrologic*  
27 *network and eliminating sediment delivery to watercourses.*  
28 *These regulations shall include, but not be limited to, the*  
29 *following:*

30 (1) *Identification of existing conditions, including roads,*  
31 *crossings, and unstable areas.*

32 (2) *A schedule for repair.*

33 (3) *Monitoring of existing stream crossings.*

34 (4) *A commitment to remediating sediment sources.*

35 (5) *Monitoring of the overall road management plan.*

36 SEC. 8. Section 4594 of the Public Resources Code is  
37 amended to read:

38 4594. The nonindustrial tree farmer who owns, leases, or  
39 otherwise controls or operates on all or any portion of any  
40 timberland within the boundaries of an approved nonindustrial

1 timber management plan, and who plans to harvest any of the  
2 timber on the timberland during a given year, shall file a  
3 nonindustrial timber harvest notice with the department in  
4 writing. Prior to filing the nonindustrial timber harvest notice, the  
5 nonindustrial tree farmer shall conduct surveys for wildlife and  
6 plants in the area to which the notice applies. The surveys shall  
7 be in a form and to an extent acceptable to the Department of  
8 Fish and Game, and the nonindustrial tree farmer shall consult  
9 with the Department of Fish and Game after completing the  
10 surveys, but before commencing operations. A notice shall be  
11 filed both electronically and on paper prior to the harvesting of  
12 any timber and shall be effective for a maximum of one year  
13 from the date of filing. If the person who files the notice is not  
14 the owner of the timberland, the person filing the notice shall  
15 notify the timberland owner by certified mail that the notice has  
16 been submitted, and shall certify that mailing to the department.  
17 The notice shall be a public record and shall include all of the  
18 following information:

- 19 (a) The name and address of the timber owner.
- 20 (b) The name and address of the timber operator.
- 21 (c) The name and address of the registered professional  
22 forester preparing the nonindustrial timber harvest notice.
- 23 (d) A description of the land on which the work is proposed to  
24 be done.
- 25 (e) A statement that no archeological sites have been  
26 discovered in the harvest area since the approval of the  
27 nonindustrial timber management plan.
- 28 (f) A statement that no rare, threatened, or endangered plant or  
29 animal species has been discovered in the harvest area since the  
30 approval of the nonindustrial timber management plan.
- 31 (g) A statement that there have been no physical  
32 environmental changes in the harvest area that are so significant  
33 as to require any amendment of the nonindustrial timber  
34 management plan.
- 35 (h) A certification by the registered professional forester that  
36 the notice as carried out will implement best management  
37 practices for protection of the beneficial uses of water, soil  
38 stability, forest productivity, and wildlife as required by the  
39 current rules of the board, or a certification that practices  
40 consistent with the original plan will not result in any significant

1 degradation to the beneficial uses of water, soil stability, forest  
2 productivity, or wildlife.

3 (i) Special provisions, if any, to protect any unique area within  
4 the area of timber operations.

5 (j) The expected dates of commencement and completion of  
6 timber operations during the year.

7 (k) A statement that the harvesting notice conforms to the  
8 provisions of the approved management plan.

9 (l) Any other information the board provides by regulation to  
10 meet its rules and the standards of this chapter.

11 SEC. 9. Section 4594.3 is added to the Public Resources  
12 Code, to read:

13 4594.3. (a) Five years after approval of a timber management  
14 plan pursuant to this article, and every five years thereafter, the  
15 nonindustrial tree farmer shall submit to the department a report  
16 that documents that operations are in compliance with the plan  
17 and are achieving the goals expressed in Sections 4512 and 4513  
18 and in Sections 896 and 916 of Title 14 of the California Code of  
19 Regulations. The report shall include, but not be limited to, a  
20 report on operations conducted and a demonstration that the plan  
21 is in compliance with subdivision (c) of Section 4593.2.

22 (b) The board shall adopt regulations to provide additional  
23 guidance on the contents of the report to the department.

24 SEC. 10. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant  
25 to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution for  
26 certain costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school  
27 district because, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or  
28 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the  
29 penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section  
30 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a  
31 crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the  
32 California Constitution.

33 However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines  
34 that this act contains other costs mandated by the state,  
35 reimbursement to local agencies and school districts for those  
36 costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section  
37 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

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